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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/554,050	01/25/2006	Ji-Hyun Kim	Q90861	8300
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 11/02/200 ON, PLLC	EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSY	LVANIA AVENUE, N	VAKILI, ZOHREH		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1614		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/02/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
10/554,050		KIM ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ZOHREH VAKILI	1614	

ZC	OHREH VAKILI	1614
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
THE REPLY FILED <u>30 September 2009</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS A	PPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the application, applicant must timely file one of the following repl application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR periods:	same day as filing a Notice of Aies: (1) an amendment, affidavit with appeal fee) in compliance with a property of the complex o	Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this it, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request
 a)	ory Action, or (2) the date set forth i than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on v have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extens under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the short set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later that may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ion and the corresponding amount o ened statutory period for reply origin	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee hally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complian filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extensic Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within AMENDMENTS	n thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a
 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but (a) They raise new issues that would require further consider (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a correction. 	eration and/or search (see NOT	E below); lucing or simplifying the issues for
NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.116 at 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed non-allowable claim(s).	and 41.33(a)). See attached Notice of Non-Cor 	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provide The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 6. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 1-5.		be entered and an explanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and su was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 		
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a N entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to over showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary an	come <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fails to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		
 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but do See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTo.) 		condition for allowance because:
13.		
/Ardin Marschel/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1614		

Continuation of 3. NOTE: Applicant has proposed to amend the claim, filed 8/12/09, that requires further consideration and/or search. Applicant has added the specific inclusion of catechin per se, and not its inclusion only optionally, and an inactive ingredient that was not previously required. The new limitation, inactive ingredients, to the claims that raise the issue of new matter. New matter issues are raised when Applicant includes limitations in the claims that he/she clearly did not have possession of at the time of invention. The silence of the disclosure regarding the inactive ingredients is not sufficient to now claim the exclusion of such a step because nowhere in the disclosure has Applicant discussed the inactive ingredient in the context of the claimed composition.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Accordingly, Applicant's remarks regarding the obviation of the rejections of record under 103 in view of the amendments are also not found persuasive, because the proposed after final amendments will not be entered into the record. However, Applicant's remarks regarding the rejection of the claims over Spiegel and Ingram have been fully considered, but are not persuasive. In particular, clearly, the skilled artisan is provided with ample instruction and motivation to combine the mentioned ingredients such as theanine, genisteine, L-carnitine, and caffeine to produce a composition that has slimming effect. Both references are directed toward a formulation for suppressing weight gain. The prior arts teach of the same component and its concentration that is instantly claimed. Accordingly, it is well settled that products of identical chemical composition cannot have mutually exclusive properties. A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. In other words, where the claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or composition, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness has been established. See In reBest, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977). In re Kerkhoven (205 USPQ 1069, CCPA 1980) states that "It is prima facie obvious to combine two compositions each of which is taught by the prior art to be useful for the same purpose, in order to form a third composition to be used for the same purpose: the idea of combining them flows logically from their having been individually taught in the prior art." mentioned references make clear that the claimed components have been previously used in a composition that has slimming effect. As combined, the references have resulted in the claimed invention. The rejections are properly maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the final rejection of 5/12/2009.

/Zohreh Vakili/ Patent Examiner Art Unit 1614